

國立臺灣科技大學

九十一學年度博士班招生考試試題

系所組別：機械工程系甲二組

科目：最佳設計

總分 100 分

1. Explain (concept and/or mathematical conditions) the following terminology:

- (a) Simulated Annealing <sup>(5%)</sup>
- (b) Exterior Penalty Function Method <sup>(5%)</sup>
- (c) Conjugate Direction Method <sup>(5%)</sup>
- (d) Inequality constraints <sup>(5%)</sup>
- (e) Quasi-Newton Method <sup>(5%)</sup>
- (f) Golden Section Method <sup>(5%)</sup>
- (g) Feasible and Usable Direction <sup>(5%)</sup>
- (h) Steepest Descent Method <sup>(5%)</sup>

2. Consider the following function:

$$F(x) = 1 - 3x + e^{2x}$$

- (a) Use the function values at  $x = 0.0, 0.3,$  and  $0.5$  to construct the approximate quadratic polynomial function for  $F(x)$ . <sup>(15%)</sup>
- (b) Use the approximate function to find the value of  $x$  that gives the minimum value of  $F(x)$ . <sup>(10%)</sup>

3. Given the following optimization problem:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize:} \quad & F = X_1 + X_2 \\ \text{Subject to:} \quad & g_1 = 2 - X_1^2 - X_2 \leq 0 \\ & g_2 = 4 - X_1 - 3X_2 \leq 0 \\ & g_3 = -30 + X_1 + X_2^4 \leq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Prove that the design ( $X_1 = 1, X_2 = 1$ ) satisfies the Kuhn-Tucker necessary conditions for a constrained optimum. <sup>(20%)</sup>

4. In genetic algorithms, crossover is the mechanism of creating new gene combinations on offspring designs from parental designs. Please define in detail the operation of the following two crossover types:

- (a) Two point crossover <sup>(10%)</sup>
- (b) Uniform crossover <sup>(5%)</sup>

